

# Lesson Plan

## Pollinators

**DISCUSSION** -- Questions to ask students before, during and/or after the any of the pollinator activities.

### **WHAT IS A POLLINATOR?**

- Anything that carries pollen from one flower to another. This causes fertilization and allows the plants to reproduce.

### **WHAT ARE EXAMPLES OF POLLINATORS?**

- Bees, butterflies, birds, bats, moths, flies and beetles

### **WHY ARE THEY IMPORTANT?**

- One out of every 3 bites of food we eat is made possible by pollinators.
- If they don't have the right habitats, they can't live to support the food we need to live.

### **WHAT IS POLLEN?**

- It is a fine yellow powder that is in the flower of the plant that causes the plants to form seeds. It is what plants need to reproduce and make more plants.

### **WHAT IS POLLINATION?**

- It is the process that some plants need to reproduce. A pollinator is usually needed to help carry pollen from one flower to another.

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**DISCUSSION** -- Questions to ask students before, during and/or after the any of the pollinator activities.

### **WHAT AFFECTS POLLINATORS?**

- Bees and other pollinators are disappearing in large numbers because of pesticide exposure, parasites/pests (varroa mites), lack of bee-friendly flowers, and pollution.

### **HOW DO POLLINATORS AFFECT ME?**

- One out of every 3 bites of food we eat is made possible by pollinators.
- If they don't have the right habitats, they can't live to support the food we need to live.
- **FUN FACT** – 80% of the crop plants grown around the world, i.e., those that produce all of our food and plant-based industrial products require pollinators

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### ACTIVITY 1 - PIPE CLEANER POLLINATORS

#### What you need:

- Food Flower cut outs.
- Ground, colored chalk
- Pipe cleaners
- Made into little pollinators.

#### Instructions:

1. Create your pollinator using pipe cleaners.
2. Bee
3. Bird
4. Butterfly
5. Bat
6. Discuss the roles the pollinators have in the ecosystem and the food supply.
7. POLLINATE
8. Fly your pollinators around to visit different flowers.
9. The pollinator will pick up different colored chalk (pollen) from the different flowers and bring them to other flowers
10. DISCUSS
11. What if a few of them weren't there?
12. What if they all weren't there?



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### WHO POLLINATES WHAT?

#### Bees like to pollinate flowers that are:

Shallow with landing platform  
Tubular



#### Flies like to pollinate flowers that are

Shallow  
Funnel Shaped  
Trap-like



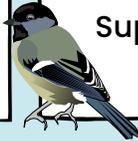
#### Butterflies like to pollinate flowers that are

Narrow tube shape  
Wide landing pad



#### Birds like to pollinate flowers that are

Large  
Funnel Shaped  
Strong Perch Support



#### Bats like to pollinate flowers that are

Bowl-Shaped



#### Moths like to pollinate flowers that are

Tubular  
No lip



#### Beetles like to pollinate flowers that are

Large  
Bowl-Shaped

- Use full page graphic attached
- Graphic can be used throughout all activities
- Could cover up answers and have students guess as a small activity

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## Pollinators

### ACTIVITY 2 – SEED BOMBS

#### Supplies

- 6 pieces of colored construction paper
- 3-5 packages of flower seeds
- Food Processor/ Blender
- Scissors
- Water

You can also use recycled scraps from other projects in the classroom and recycle scraps from this activity.

#### Instructions

- Cut each piece of paper into about 1-inch squares and put them into a small dish. Keep each paper color in its own dish.
- Fill each dish with water just until the paper is covered. Soak the paper for about 20 minutes.
- Take one of the bowls of paper and wring it out about halfway. Put it in the food processor and pulse the paper into a pulp.
- Repeat this with all the paper colors and put the pulp back into each bowls.
- Sprinkle some seeds into each bowl of paper, mix them in a little, and press the pulp and seeds into balls. If the pulp is a little dry, put a few sprinkles of water on the pulp. It will help it to hold its shape better.
- Set the seed balls on a sheet pan to dry overnight.

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### ACTIVITY 3 – GROCERY SHOPPING WITHOUT POLLINATORS

#### DISCUSSION

**\*\* for older students – switch it up and have them work backwards and figure out why we wouldn't have these foods and what pollinator was needed**

**\*\* the direction of this activity can change based on the level of the students and how the teacher would like to run the activity**

**What you need:**

- **1 Paper grocery bag/plastic bag for each student/group (any bag/basket will do)**
- **1 of each item for each student/each group**
- **can be plastic items or empty boxes or real items (up to the educator)**

**Instructions:**

1. **Students can be on their own or in groups. (Depending on how much supplies you have)**
2. **Start with all the grocery food items in the bag. (Some grocery items are listed below)**
3. ***Explain what the items are: all items in the bag need pollinators to be produced/made in one way or another***
4. **Pull one item out of the bag at a time.**
5. ***Ask the students: What pollinator(s) help produce this item?***
6. ***Ask the students: Why wouldn't we have this item without pollinators?***
7. ***\*\* Some items are more complex and may have more steps to explain (i.e. Monster cookie, chocolate milk, cheese pizza, pumpkin pie, etc.)***
8. **After explaining the item, take it and place it aside.**
9. **Repeat the process until all food items are gone.**
10. ***Explain: Without our pollinators, we wouldn't have any of our favorite foods. Our diets would be very different without pollinators.***
11. ***Realize there is nothing left in our grocery bag***
12. **BRAINSTORM: Are there any items you can think of that don't need pollinators?**
13. ***List of some foods that don't need pollinators is below.***

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Grocery list:

### Monster Cookie

- Chocolate chips & M&Ms - Cocoa Plants - Pollinated by *flies*
- Vanilla – vanilla bean - Pollinated by *bees*
- Sugar – sugarcane - Pollinated by *flies/wind*
- Eggs - Chickens eat soybeans which need pollinated. Soybeans are pollinated by *honey bees*

### Chocolate Milk

- Milk from cows – Cows eat alfalfa which need pollinated. - *Leafcutter and honey bees*
- Cocoa plants (Chocolate Syrup/powder) - pollinated by *flies*

### Cheese Pizza

- Tomatoes – Pollinated by *Honey Bees*
- Mozzarella Cheese – Milk – Cows – cows eat alfalfa which need pollinated by *leafcutter and honey bees*

### Coffee – for the teachers

- Creamer – milk – cows – alfalfa – pollinated by *leafcutter and honey bees*

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Grocery list:

### Eggs

- Chickens eat fruits, veggies, soybeans and other plants which need pollinated
- Soybeans are pollinated by *honey bees*
- ***FUN FACT*** - Chickens are the number one livestock consumer of soybeans.

### Peppermint

- A food you don't realize needs pollinated
- Pollinated by *bees*

### Orange Juice

- Pollinate Orange Trees by *bees and wasps*

### Apple Sauce

- Apples
- Pollinated by *bees*
- Cinnamon
- Pollinated by *Flies/other insects*

### *Tequila (agave) – for the teachers*

- *Pollinated by bats/wind*

### *Broccoli*

- *Pollinated by Bumble Bees and Honey Bees*

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Grocery list:

### Strawberries

- Pollinated by *bees/other insects*

### Pumpkin Pie

- Pumpkins
- Pollinated by *honey bees, bumble bees, squash bees*
- Sugar
- Pollinated by *bees/thrips*
- Whipped Cream
- Comes from milk – cows eat hay – pollinated by *bees*
- Cinnamon
- Pollinated by *flies/other insects*
- Nutmeg
- Pollinated by *thrips*

### Non-pollinator foods (self-pollinating)

- Bread – Wheat
- All leafy greens – lettuces etc.
- Onions
- Peas & beans
- Carrots
- Potatoes
- Celery
- Broccoli
- Cauliflower

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### Kid-Friendly Pollinator Facts

- 100+ crops in the US rely on pollinators
- 75% of flowering plants rely on pollinators for fertilization
- Pollinators are responsible for 1/3 of all foods we eat.
- There are over 200,000 species of pollinators
- Honeybees do a dance to let its hive know how far away the food is and in which direction
- ½ the world's oils, fibers and raw materials rely on pollinators
- Honeybees must visit 5 million flowers to make one pint of honey
- To produce 150 pounds of honey, honeybees cover a distance equal to 13 trips to the moon and back.

### Pollinator List

- Bees
- Butterflies
- Hummingbirds
- Beetles
- Moths
- Bats
- Small mammals like squirrels, mice and monkeys

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**Learning Targets Met:**

**RL.K.1** With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.

**RL.K.3** With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story.

**RL.1.3** Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.

**RL.1.7** Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events.

**RL.2.1** Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.

**RL.2.3** Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges.

**L.3.3a.** Choose words and phrases for effect.

**RL.3.7** Explain how specific aspects of a text's illustrations contribute to what is conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., emphasize aspects of a character or setting).

**L.4.3a.** Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.

**L.4.3b.** Choose punctuation for effect

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### Other Resources

<http://www.wholekidsfoundation.org/bee-activities>

<https://www.playfactile.com/keu2573x7r/choice>

<https://www.sites.si.edu/s/topic/OTO1Q000000kmlZWAQ/pollination-investigation>

Posters with pollinator profiles on common pollinators

<https://www.pollinator.org/pollinated-food>